DEDI AVAILADLE UUT I EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b) (2)(A) Privacy CLASSIFICATION (2)(B) Methods/Sources DISPATCH (2)(G) Foreign Relations OAB#15539 Carlon L HEADQUARTERS FILE INO 200-124-107/3 Chief of Station, E Chief, TC CCS, Chief, Na riald File: 3528 ittef, w FROM 17 rebruary 1961 Chief of Petion, E RE "43-3" - (CHECK "X" ONE) L J'Cherational MARKED FOR INDEXING 7 /1000 10 0 MI E NO INDEXING REQUIRED ACTION REQUIRED INDEXING CAN BE JUDGED BY QUALIFIED HO DESK ONLY PEFERENCE(S) CFF &-56833, 8 February 1961 I Station traces on 1. As requested in Refere ce, we forward herewith [] Station traces on Leon DCR.LL. It hould be noted that much of the information is dated and parhaps will be supplemented by Headquarters' information. The Station did not query Liaison for the latest information they might have for [For Gov] has, in the past, been most curious about mything unacking of FBPATME interest in DELPHIE. 2. Leon BEREILE was born on 15 June 1906 in Bouillon, Bellium. Juring World war II he was a member of the SS Brigade Wallonie. He was known to collaborate with the German occupiers and, indeed, in early 1944 gave a speech in the Falais des Sports, irossels, which was attended by many high-ranking Nazis. As the wor was coming to a close, Detailly fled Delgium. In earch 1948, the Station learnes that Subject was hiding on the Franco-Spanish border and allegedly wanted to get in touch with a responsible representative of the MERRIN services" in order to offer his sid in the formation of an "anti-communist logion". We have no record that contact was made with him at that time. There then followed a period during which there was much speculation as to DEGRYLLE's whereabouts. In February 1949 he was allegedly seen in Urugusy. A KUB/NK investigation turned up nothing. An unconfirmed report of August 1969 indicated that MEGRALE was in Buenos Aires, but we have no record that this report was ever confirmed. During the Royal Crisis in 1950, the Station received another unconfirmed report from Headquarters stating that DECRALE was supporting the position of King Leopold, hoping that he (DOGELLE) might be allowed to return to Belgium. He did this despite the fact that Leopold paid little or no attention to him. By January 1951, it was definitely established that Subject was living in Spain. 3. In June 1953, we learned from a source described as gusually reliable that DECENTLY was living in Madrid under on alias, "Juan SINCHEZ", despite the fact that few of the people in the pro-German circles is which he moved did not know his true name. He was reported to be writing broks and articles on the Second World War under a now de plume. The revenue from these writings provided him with a comfortable in-come. A 21 October 1954 report stated that DEGUELLE was living at a ranch called "La Torrem, a few miles from Constantina in Scville. L. In 20 January 1955, we received a note from [For. Gort] saying that they had moticed to article published in the Blomish-language newspaper "To Standaard" in which it was sentioned that a GDALE had written a letter to United Frees in Faris. [Second is not sentenced that he militer and written a letter to united fress in fairs. [Second stated that they believed that "De Standard" had garbled a UP release, but asked us to chack with UP for them. If a letter had been received, they wished to know its content and the date and place of postnarking. Pollowing faris' reply, we oir [For. Govt.] that the letter had been destroyed (true), that it had been mailed in France (true), and that the return address was "somewhere in the world" (true). 5. The communist newspaper "Le Drapeau Souge" ran an orticle on 10 January 1955 saying that AMALLA had contacted AMALLA into digence officers in Maurid for the purpose of obtaining a job but that his request and been turned down. In waswer to our query, [] stated that had fall had contrated no one, and [for Gov] was so

6. so chapert that a copy of soference should us sent to C I as labeled is presently in Spain. The C I station may also be able to provide more current braces

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